

THE POLITICAL CRISIS.

King Edward a Ruler Instead of a Figurehead.

Every Detail of the Negotiations in the Filling Up of the Vacancies in the Ministry Must Be Submitted to Him.

London, Sept. 24.—The political crisis has taken on a phase which lends to the present situation an historical and constitutional importance of almost unprecedented interest. The king has interfered, not unconstitutionally or beyond the powers vested in the crown, but in the exercise of his prerogatives to an extent never dreamed of in the Victorian era.

Premier Balfour's continued presence at Balmoral has given rise to much surmise and comment, but it can be said definitely that it is due to the king's determination not to assent to the formation of a new cabinet until thoroughly satisfied that its personnel and combination are such as to ensure the efficient carrying on of the affairs of the empire pending the resumption of parliament.

For years cabinets were formed or ministerial vacancies filled with the mere formal presentation to the sovereign of the names of the new ministers. King Edward has done away with this tradition. He has spent the last few days in constant discussion with Mr. Balfour as to the advisability from the point of view of the national welfare of Balfour's suggested appointments. Ministers now holding office and those nominated for office have been summoned to Balmoral to join in these conferences and all have been subjected to a degree of interrogation such as has surprised even those who knew King Edward intimately as the prince of Wales.

To such an extent is King Edward holding his power of veto in reserve that now he is almost regarded by the inner circles as more the cabinetmaker than Mr. Balfour himself. Though with his usual tact, the king has refrained from expressing any political views or infringing the initiative belonging to the ministers, but this has not prevented him from expressing his genuine desire, amounting almost to a command, that steps be taken to remedy the scandals in the army administration revealed by the report of the South African war commission and insisting that the new cabinet shall be one adapted to deal with that question.

Dealing with the surmise on some of the foregoing points the Morning Advertiser Wednesday said: "The king has in this national emergency resolved to play the part of a ruler instead of being content with that of a figurehead."

Meantime every detail of the negotiations for filling up the vacancies in the cabinet are submitted to the king, who for the time being has transformed Balmoral into the political center of the empire which, owing to the unusual influences at work, several surprises may emanate. Whatever the results may be they can safely be attributed to a large extent to the king's interest in the crisis.

KING MENELIK.

Consul Skinner Will Make Him a Personal Visit.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Mr. Skinner, United States consul general at Marseilles, who is to make a personal visit to King Menelik at his capital, Addis Ababa, in the mountains of the interior of his extensive domains, to conclude a commercial treaty, is now in this country making arrangements for his expedition and probably will start in about two or three weeks for the Eastern Mediterranean, from which region he will complete his journey to Djibuti on one of the vessels of Adm. Cotton's squadron. In case it is decided to send the entire squadron to the east coast of Africa on this mission it will not be necessary for them to leave their present stations for at least a month.

MILLERS ON A STRIKE.

All Minneapolis Flouring Mills Closed Indefinitely at Midnight.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 24.—All the Minneapolis flouring mills were closed indefinitely at midnight. At that hour all the men quit work. There was no violence or disorder of any sort. Most of the mills have notices posted to the effect that the pay of all the men who quit work will be ready for them Thursday morning and that all men who do not report for duty may consider themselves discharged. The strike involves about 1,700 men.

Seth Low Nominated For Mayor.

New York, Sept. 24.—The republican and the citizens union city conventions met Wednesday night, the former at the Grand Central palace and the latter at Cooper Union, and nominated Seth Low for mayor.

To Work Shorter Hours.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 24.—Notices have been posted at all the collieries of the Delaware and Hudson Canal and Coal Co. that miners will hereafter work five hours a day until further notice instead of nine hours as heretofore.

Columbia University Academic Year. New York, Sept. 24.—The 150th academic year of Columbia university was opened with appropriate exercises Wednesday, features of the program being the dedication of the Goetz memorial statue, Alma Mater.

CHICAGO MYSTERY.

Bodies of Man and Woman Found Dead in the Street.

Chicago, Sept. 24.—Early Wednesday morning the dead bodies of Harriet Elizabeth Weber and Innocent Talamini, a marble cutter, were found on Lexington avenue just south of 54th street. Both had been shot twice, and while there are indications that the man shot the woman and then killed himself, there are other features to the case that make it somewhat mysterious. Arthur M. Laurie, with whom the dead woman had made her home, will be held by the police until after the inquest. There is no evidence connecting him with the shooting, but he is detained as a witness. The shots that killed the man and woman were heard by residents of the neighborhood at about 1 o'clock Tuesday night. No move was made to investigate the shooting, however, and nothing was known of the tragedy until Wednesday morning when the bodies were discovered by a newspaper carrier.

The body of the woman was identified in a short time as that of "Mrs. Laurie," but when Laurie was brought to the police station he said that she was not his wife and that he did not know the man whose body was found with hers.

Wednesday night in going through the effects of Miss Weber an envelope was found addressed evidently in the handwriting of a man to Innocent Talamini. In seeking Talamini to find what he might know of the woman or the shooting, the officers identified the dead man as Talamini himself. No cause is known why Talamini should have shot the woman, but she had told several of her friends the day before of a Jew who had been following her and of whom she was afraid. Talamini has a Hebrew countenance, and it is the general theory that he shot her because she refused to marry him.

The woman when found had been shot twice through the left arm and through the breast. Talamini was shot twice, once through the neck and once upward through the chin, the bullet coming out at the top of his head. In the man's hand was a revolver with four chambers discharged, accounting for the four shots fired. The people living in the neighborhood where the tragedy occurred declare that more than four shots were fired, and one bullet crashed through the window of Mrs. S. Caswell, at 5410 Lexington avenue. These facts have led the police to believe that there may have been a third party to the shooting, although there is so far no direct proof that such was the fact. The Weber woman is a native of Detroit, Mich., having come here from that city several years ago.

TO GO SOUTH.

President Roosevelt Contemplates a Trip This Winter.

Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 24.—Internal Revenue Collector Joseph I. Thompson, who is just back from a conference with the president at Oyster Bay, said Wednesday that President Roosevelt is considering making a trip south this winter and speaking in two or three cities each in Georgia and Alabama, including Atlanta and Birmingham. He says the president was anxious to come south, though he did not say definitely just when he would come.

G. A. R. MEN IN UNIFORM.

They Were Barred From Attending Funeral Services in a Church.

Neenah, Wis., Sept. 24.—Excitement has been caused in local G. A. R. circles over a ruling of Rev. Albert Froehke, which barred G. A. R. men in uniform from attending the funeral services of Ferdinand Sauer in the German Lutheran church. Rev. Froehke says that his action was merely enforcing the rules of the church. Those present at the funeral say that when brought into the church the coffin was draped with an American flag and the preacher ordered the flag removed.

THE WESTERN MINERS.

There is a Sentiment in Favor of a General Strike.

Pueblo, Col., Sept. 24.—The convention of District No. 15 of the United Mine Workers of America, began Wednesday afternoon and went into executive session. Every union in the district, which includes Colorado, Wyoming, Utah and New Mexico was represented. Among the officers there is sentiment in favor of a general strike in the district unless the operators accede to the miners' demands.

Money Order Clerk Found Dead.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 24.—William S. Mills, money order clerk in the local office of the Southern Express Co., was found dead Wednesday night in a room in the Waggoner hotel with an empty morphine bottle by his side. Investigation of his books has revealed a shortage of something less than \$200.

Judge Grosscup to Resign.

Chicago, Sept. 24.—It was current rumor Wednesday night that Judge Peter S. Grosscup, of the United States circuit court, is about to resign from the bench to accept the position of general counsel to the Northern Securities Co.

The Prohibition Withdrawn.

London, Sept. 24.—The board of agriculture Wednesday issued an order withdrawing the prohibition on the landing of animals other than swine brought to Great Britain from the New England states.

ANTI-SEMITIC RIOTS.

Jews Brutally Clubbed or Bayoneted by Russian Soldiers.

Altogether Nearly 400 Houses and Shops Were Wholly or Partially Wrecked at Gomel, Russia—Christians Took Part.

Gomel, Government of Mohile, Russia, Monday, Sept. 21.—Anti-Semite riots occurred here on September 11, and were renewed for several days. The riots were smaller but perhaps more remarkable than those which took place at Kishineff, because the police and military openly sided with the plunderers and murderers, the "Pogromshiks," as the Russians called them. The troops supported by many educated and well-to-do Christians formed a moveable shield behind which the "Pogromshiks" ruthlessly demolished the Jewish homes and shops and cruelly clubbed such Jews as fell into their hands, leisurely proceeding from street to street and district to district as they did so.

The commerce and industry of Gomel is largely in the hands of the Jewish population, numbering 25,000. Few of the residents are wealthy, but none are paupers. The Jewish artisans incline to socialism.

The trouble began on September 11, a holiday, "the day the beheading of John the Baptist," in a wrangle in the fruit and fish markets between Moujiks, peasants, and Jews. The wrangle ended in a free fight in which many were wounded. One Moujik succumbed to his injuries.

The Moujiks demanded vengeance and employed the following days, Saturday and Sunday, in inflaming the anti-Semite agitation, the leaders being an officer, Pensky, and a rich merchant, Petrachenko.

Everybody knew that a pogrom would occur on Monday and the Jews appealed for protection to Chief of Police Ravsky, who summoned an infantry regiment from its summer encampment. Thus there were 1,000 soldiers in the town. At luncheon hour on Monday the anti-Semite railway workmen to the number of some hundreds began an organized attack on the Jewish houses in Zamovkaya street, sacking them and demolishing or spoiling the bulky articles by soaking them with kerosene. Police Chief Ravsky had placed policemen and troops on the street, but they acted as though they were intended to protect the "Pogromshiks" from interference. Jews, who tried to cross the lines to rescue their co-religionists, were brutally clubbed by the soldiers with guns, bayoneted or arrested. Meanwhile, recruits for the "Pogromshiks" poured steadily over the bridge leading from the railway workshops.

Altogether nearly 400 houses and shops were wholly or partly wrecked, the windows smashed, the blinds and frames being splintered and every scrap of furniture and effects, even the samovars, sewing machines, mirrors and lamps destroyed or stolen. The Jews, who did not take refuge with compassionate Christians, or conceal themselves in cellars, were severely beaten and in many cases dangerously wounded. Some young Jews, exasperated by the action of the police and the troops, armed themselves with any available weapons and tried to force their way to the threatened houses. One Jewess attempted to shoot a non-commissioned officer and 25 revolver shots were heard in the vicinity of the bazaar, but were apparently fired in the air, as no one was hurt.

During the rioting a number of Jews were killed.

TO FIGHT UNION LABOR.

New England Jewelers and Silversmiths Sign An Agreement.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 24.—Three hundred members of the New England Manufacturing Jewelers and Silversmiths' association have signed an agreement which provides for the shutting out of all union men in the event that the labor officials should declare a strike in any one or all of the jewelry shops in this vicinity. This action is the result of the agitation recently made by the union for a nine-hour day and other concessions. The threatened strike did not materialize. The agreement stipulates that any union man who strikes against any member of the association must not be re-employed.

No Death and Funeral Fund.

Baltimore, Sept. 24.—The sovereign grand lodge, I. O. O. F., in secret session Wednesday evening, refused to grant to the Rebekah branch of the order the right to establish a death and funeral fund.

Nicaragua and Honduras.

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 24.—Louis M. Moragues, consul for Nicaragua and vice consul for Honduras, says the report of possible war between Nicaragua and Honduras is false. He says their relations are cordial.

Granted An Eight-Hour Day.

Telluride, Col., Sept. 24.—Manager H. T. Buckley, of the Silver Bell mine, granted his mill men an eight-hour day and three shifts will be employed in the mill. Capt. Davidson, manager of the Carribeau-Montezuma, also has granted an eight-hour day.

Fire in a Texas Oil District.

Beaumont, Tex., Sept. 24.—Fire that started at noon Wednesday in the east end of the shoe string oil district destroyed 35 derricks, causing a total loss estimated in the neighborhood of \$125,000.



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P.M.	A.M.	DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY	P.M.	A.M.
8:00	8:50	Frankfort "A" .. Ar	11:20	7:15
8:00	8:50	Frankfort "A" .. Ar	11:20	7:15
8:00	8:50	Frankfort "A" .. Ar	11:20	7:15
8:00	8:50	Frankfort "A" .. Ar	11:20	7:15
8:00	8:50	Frankfort "A" .. Ar	11:20	7:15
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8:00	8:50	Frankfort "A" .. Ar	11:20	7:15
8:00	8:50	Frankfort "A" .. Ar	11:20	7:15

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VIA GEORGETOWN.					
P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.
2 00	6 50	Lv. . .	Frankfort . . .	Ar	11 20
8 25	7 55	Lv. . .	Georgetown . .	Ar	16 2
6 15	10 15	. . .	Cincinnati . . .	L	8 30

BETWEEN FRANKFORT & CINCINNATI VIA PARIS.

P.M.					P.M.
2 00	Lv.	Frankfort	Ar	7 15	
2 51	v.	Georgetown	Ar	8 20	
3 30	Lv.	Paris	Ar	8 53	
6 00	Ar.	Cincinnati	Lv	2 55	

KENTUCKY CENTRAL R. R. POINTS.

8 30p	6 50a	L . .	Frankfort . .	A	11 20a	7 15a
4 20p	7 45a	A . .	Georgtown . .	L	10 15a	6 18a
5 05p	8 30a	A . .	Paris	L	9 30a	5 42a
3 11p	11 42a	A . .	Winchester . .	L	7 00a	2 45a
8 15p		A . .	Maysville . .	L	5 45a	1 15a
	4 00p	A . .	Cynthiana . .	L		5 02a
7 20p	12 54p	A . .	Richmond . .	L	6 20a	1 56a

Geo. B. Harper, D. W. Lindsey, Jr.,
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TIME TABLE.

IN EFFECT JULY 27, 1902.

EAST BOUND.			
Lv Louisville	8 30am	6 00pm	
Ar Lexington	11 0am	8 40pm	
Lv Lexington	11 20am	8 45pm	8 12am 8 50pm
Lv Winchester	11 57am	9 18pm	8 55am 8 59pm
Ar Mt. Sterling	12 25pm	9 48pm	9 25am 7 06pm
Ar Washington	2 20pm	8 39pm	

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